



**SIDDHARTH GROUP OF INSTITUTIONS :: PUTTUR**

Siddharth Nagar, Narayanavanam Road – 517583

**QUESTION BANK (DESCRIPTIVE)**

**Subject with Code :** Basic Electrical and Electronics Engineering (18 EE0241)

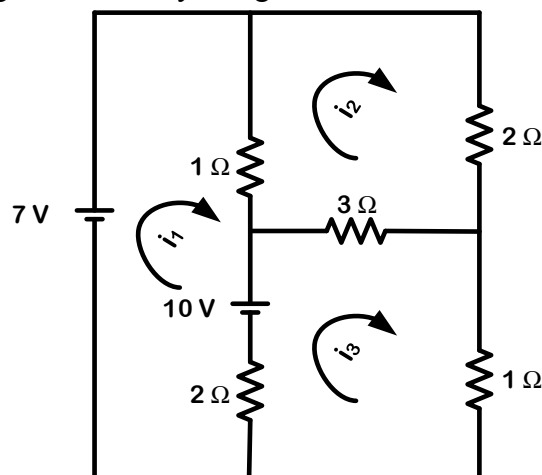
**Course & Branch :** B. Tech. – MEC

**Year & Semester :** II - B. Tech. & II - Semester

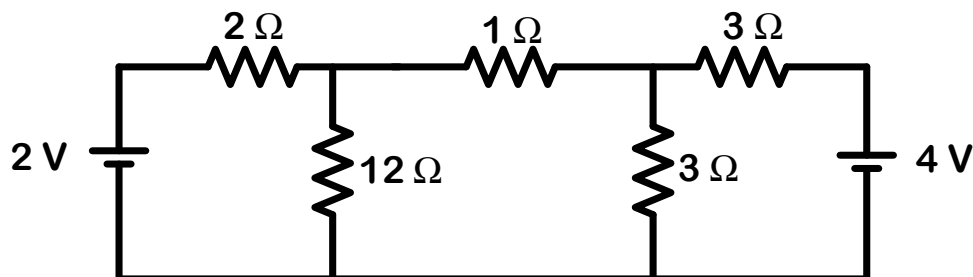
**Regulation :** R18

**UNIT - I - INTRODUCTION TO ELECTRICAL ENGINEERING**

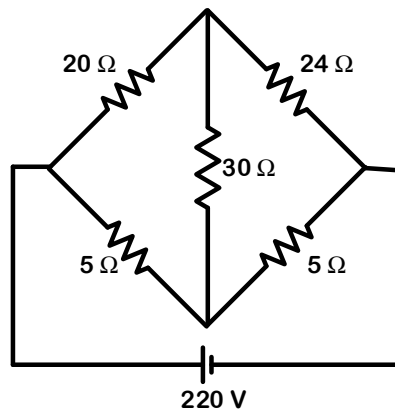
1. a) State and explain Ohm's law. 5 M
- b) Explain in detail about passive elements. 5 M
2. Three resistances of values 20, 30 and 50 are connected in series across 20 V DC supply. Calculate, 10 M
  - i) Equivalent resistance of the circuit.
  - ii) Total current from the supply.
  - iii) Voltage drop across each resistor.
  - iv) Power dissipated in each resistor.
3. Discuss about various energy sources in detail. 10 M
4. a) State and prove Kirchoff's laws with suitable examples. 5 M
- b) Find  $i_1, i_2, i_3$  for the given circuit by using Kirchoff's laws? 5 M



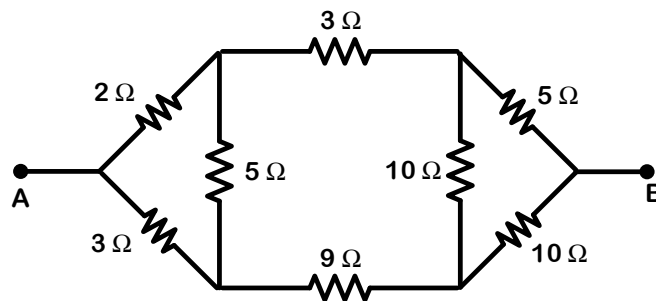
5. Find the current through 12Ω resistor for the given circuit using Kirchoff's laws. 10 M



6. Find the current delivered by the source for the circuit shown in figure. **10 M**



7. Find the voltage to be applied across AB in order to drive a current of 5A into the circuit. **10 M**



8. Explain in detail about basic circuit components. **10 M**
9. Explain the following in detail
- Resistive networks
  - Inductive networks
  - Capacitive networks
10. a) Define RMS value, **2 M**  
 b) Define average value, **2 M**  
 c) Define form factor. **2 M**  
 d) Define peak factor. **2 M**  
 e) Prove that the form factor of the sinusoidal wave is 1.11. **2 M**



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**Course & Branch :** B. Tech. – CSE

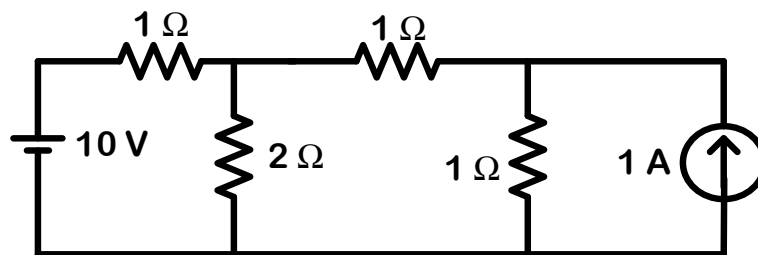
**Year & Semester :** I - B. Tech. & II - Semester

**Regulation :** R19

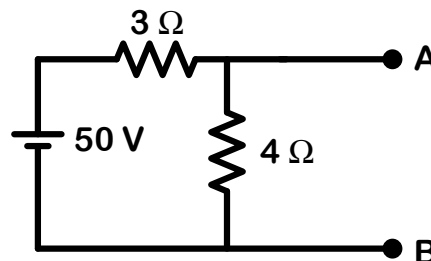
**UNIT - II – NETWORK THEOREMS**

**TWO PORT NETWORKS**

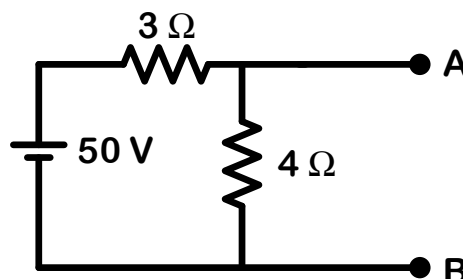
1. a) State Super position theorem 2 M
- b) Calculate the current in  $20\Omega$  resistor in the given circuit using super position theorem. 8 M



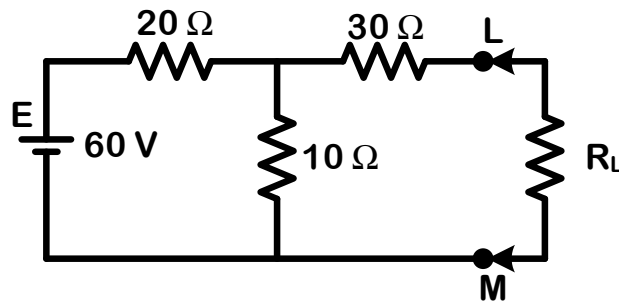
2. a) State Thevenin's theorem 2 M
- b) Find the Thevenin's equivalent circuit across AB for the circuit shown. 8 M



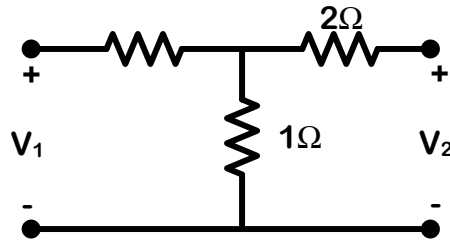
3. a) State Norton's theorem. 2 M
- b) Find Norton's equivalent circuit across AB for the circuit shown. 8 M



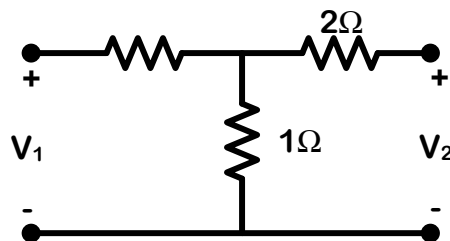
4. Determine the maximum power delivered to the load resistance  $R_L$  10 M



- 5 State and prove Reciprocity theorem with suitable example. 10 M
5. a) Explain in detail about Impedance parameters 5 M  
 b) Briefly discuss about Admittance parameters 5 M
7. Find the Open circuit parameters for the given circuit 10 M



8. Find the Short circuit parameters for the given circuit. 10 M



9. a) The given ABCD parameters are  $A=2$ ,  $B=0.9$ ,  $C=1.2$ ,  $D=0.5$ . Find Y- parameters. 5 M  
 b) The given Y-parameters are  $Y_{11}=0.5$ ,  $Y_{12}=Y_{21}=0.6$ ,  $Y_{22}=0.9$ . Find the Impedance parameters. 5 M
10. a) Define Thevenin's and Norton's theorem 2 M  
 b) State Maximum power theorem 2 M  
 c) State Reciprocity theorem 2 M  
 d) Define Super position theorem 2 M  
 e) Mention the importance of two port networks 2 M



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**UNIT - III – DC MOTORS & TRANSFORMERS**

1. a) Discuss about the principle of operation of DC motors **5 M**
- b) Calculate the value of torque established by the armature of a 4-pole DC motor having 774 conductors, 2 paths in parallel, 24mwb flux per pole when the total armature current is 50A. **5 M**
2. A 220V shunt motor takes a total current of 80A and runs at 800 r.p.m. Shunt field resistance and armature resistance are  $50\Omega$  and  $0.1\Omega$ , respectively. If iron and friction losses amount to 1600W. Find (i) Copper losses (ii) Armature torque (iii) Shaft torque (iv) Efficiency. **10 M**
3. a) Derive Torque equation of dc motor. **5 M**
- b) The counter emf of Shunt motor is 227 V. The field resistance is  $160\Omega$  and field current 1.5A. If the line current is 36.5A, find the armature resistance also find armature current when the motor is stationary. **5 M**
4. a) Explain about constructional details of dc motor. **6 M**
- b) A 6 pole lap wound shunt motor has 500 conductors, the armature and shunt field resistances are  $0.05\Omega$  and  $25\Omega$ , respectively. Find the speed of the motor if it takes 120 A from dc supply of 100 V. Flux per pole is 20 mWb. **4 M**
5. Briefly discuss about various types of DC motors with neat sketches. **10 M**
5. a) Derive EMF equation of a transformer **6 M**
- b) A 100 kVA, 11000/400 V, 50 Hz transformer has 40 secondary turns. Calculate the number of primary turns and primary and secondary currents. **4 M**
7. a) Explain constructional details of transformer. **6 M**
- b) A 20 kVA, 2000/200 V, 50 Hz transformer has 66 secondary turns. Calculate the number of primary turns and primary and secondary currents. Neglect losses. **4 M**
8. Explain in detail about various transformer losses. **10 M**
9. a) Derive the condition for maximum efficiency of the transformer. **5 M**
- b) Discuss about the voltage regulation of the transformer. **5 M**
10. a) Enumerate the types of DC motors. **2 M**
- b) List the application of DC motors. **2 M**
- c) Write the expression for transformer ration in terms voltage, current and turns **2 M**
- d) What is working principle of transformer? **2 M**
- e) Enumerate the various losses associated with transformer. **2 M**

Prepared by: **B.RAMESH**

